



UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

**Abstract**

General and Academic - Faculty of Science - Syllabus of BSc Electronics Programme (LRP) under CBCSS UG Regulations 2019 with effect from 2019 Admission onwards - Implemented- Orders Issued

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**G & A - IV - J**

U.O.No. 8962/2019/Admn

Dated, Calicut University.P.O, 07.07.2019

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*Read:-*1. U.O.No. 4368/2019/Admn dated 23.03.2019

2. Item No. 1 in the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Electronics held on 14.06.2019

3. Item No.1.36 in the minutes of the meeting of Faculty of Science held on 27.06.2019

**ORDER**

The Regulations for Choice Based Credit and Semester System for Under Graduate (UG) Curriculum- 2019 (CBCSS UG Regulations 2019) for all UG Programmes under CBCSS-Regular and SDE/Private Registration w.e.f. 2019 admission has been implemented vide paper read first above .

The meeting of Board of Studies in Electronics held on 14.06.2019 has approved the Scheme and Syllabus of BSc Electronics Programme in tune with the new CBCSS UG Regulations with effect from 2019 Admission onwards, vide paper read second above.

The Faculty of Science at its meeting held on 27.06.2019 has approved the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Electronics held on 14.06.2019, vide paper read third above.

Under these circumstances , considering the urgency, the Vice Chancellor has accorded sanction to implement the Scheme and Syllabus of BSc Electronics Programme in accordance with the new CBCSS UG Regulations 2019, in the University with effect from 2019 Admission onwards, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

The Scheme and Syllabus of BSc Electronics Programme (LRP) in accordance with CBCSS UG Regulations 2019, is therefore implemented in the University with effect from 2019 Admission onwards.

Orders are issued accordingly. (Syllabus appended).

Biju George K

Assistant Registrar

To

The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges

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Section Officer

# UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT



## SYLLABUS

*For*

# **B.Sc Electronics**

**(CBCSS UG 2019)**

**Under Choice Based Credit Semester System**

**(w.e.f. 2019 Admission)**

**Board of Studies in Electronics**

**University of Calicut**

**UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT**

**B.Sc. ELECTRONICS**

**CORE AND COMPLEMENTARY  
PROGRAMMES**

**STRUCTURE, SCHEME and  
SYLLABUS**

**2019 Admission Onwards**

# REGULATIONS GOVERNING

## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRONICS

### 1.0 Title of the programme:

This programme shall be called **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRONICS** under Choice Based Credit and Semester System for Undergraduate (UG) Curriculum -2019.

### 1.0 Title of the programme:

This programme shall be called **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRONICS** under Choice Based Credit and Semester System for Undergraduate (UG) Curriculum -2019.

## 2. Highlights of the programme

### 2.1 Aim and objective:

Emerging trends and stimulating developments in the field of science, increasing opportunities and demands at workplace have made it imperative that the undergraduate science courses be redesigned to cater to the professional aspirations of the students. The present world is in need of professionals who are experts in the respective fields and hence restructuring of any science course should possess components as catalyst to achieve the goals. The boundaries between different domains of science are disappearing and more exciting developments are being reported from areas at the crossing point of disciplines. In response to these changes taking place in society, the University of Calicut has embarked on a major restructuring exercise for its science courses by introducing BSc courses in alternate pattern.

**BSc ELECTRONICS Programme** is one such course in science stream under Choice Based Credit and Semester System of the University of Calicut. This restructured undergraduate science course provides students with a broad exposure to the critical domains of sciences with adequate background of mathematical sciences. The tools and techniques of computer applications, industry automation, electronics and analytical techniques have a major role in the curriculum. The audit courses offered ensure adequate exposure to global and local concerns that explore the many aspects of societal relevance and environmental awareness. It also gives opportunity to explore the multi-disciplinary nature of science.

This course is to equip 10+2 (Science Group) students with the theory of Electronic Science and also to train them in achieving technical expertise in Electronic Application. We aim to provide a solid foundation in all aspects of Electronics and to show a broad spectrum of modern trends in the subject and also to develop experimental, computational and mathematical skills of students. The

syllabi are framed in such a way that it generates graduates of the calibre sought by industries and public service as well as academic teachers and researchers of the future.

## **2.2 Programme Outcome :**

On completion of the B.Sc Electronics Programme, the student will:

- Have basic communicative skill in the English language
- Have environmental and civic awareness
- Communicative skills and literary sensibility in languages other than English
- Have sound knowledge of the theory behind core subjects like, Electronic components, Electronic measuring and testing instruments, Analog and Digital IC's, Electronic circuit design and implementation, Troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic and electrical devices.
- Have sound skills in assembly Language and High Level Language programming, Interfacing of electronic devices with computers, etc
- Be in a position to develop industrial and entrepreneur applications.

**2.3 Higher Studies:** These students can continue to take up courses such as MSc Electronics, MSc Instrumentation Technology, MCA ,MBA,etc.

## **2.4 Eligibility**

Candidate of admission to the B.Sc Electronics Programme should have passed the Higher secondary / Technical higher secondary / Vocational Higher secondary examinations of Govt. of Kerala or CBSE or IELE or any other examinations recognized as equivalent there to by the University of Calicut with Mathematics or Electronics or Computer Science or Computer Applications as one of the optional subjects.

## **2.5 Duration of the Programme**

Duration of the programme shall be 6 semesters. Each semester should have 90 instructional days with 5 hours of instruction per day 5-days a week system. The University will conduct semester-end examinations.

## Programme Structure

Semester	Course No.	Courses	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours			Credits
					Theory	Lab	Total	
Semester I	1	Common Course 1		English course I	5	-	5	4
	2	Common Course 2		English course II	4	-	4	3
	3	Common Course 3		Additional Language course I	5	-	5	4
	4	<b>Core Course 1</b>	<b>ELE1B01</b>	<b>Basic Electronics and Network Theorems</b>	1	2	3	2
	5	1 <sup>st</sup> Complimentary Course 1		Mathematics – I	4	-	4	3
	6	2 <sup>nd</sup> Complimentary Course 1		Optional – 1	4		4	3
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>19</b>
Semester II	1	Common Course 4		English Course III	5	-	5	4
	2	Common Course 5		English Course IV	4	-	4	3
	3	Common Course 6		Additional Language course III	5	-	5	4
	4	<b>Core Course 2</b>	<b>ELE2B02</b>	<b>Electronic Circuits</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>
	5	<b>Core Lab 1 (Exam)</b>	<b>ELE2B03</b>	<b>Basic Electronics and Network Theorems Lab</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. Lab exam.			2
	6	<b>Core Lab 2 (Exam)</b>	<b>ELE2B04</b>	<b>Electronic Circuits Lab</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. Lab exam			2
	7	1 <sup>st</sup> Complimentary Course 2		Mathematics -II	4	-	4	3
	8	2 <sup>nd</sup> Complimentary Course 2		Optional - 2	4	-	4	3
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>

Semester	Course No.	Courses	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours			Credits
					Theory	Lab	Total	
Semester III	1	General Course I ( Common to LRP group of boards )		Python	4	-	4	4
	2	General Courser-II ( Common to LRP group of boards )		Sensors and Transducers	4	-	4	4
	3	<b>Core Course 3</b>	<b>ELE3B05</b>	<b>Digital Electronics</b>	4	2	6	3
	4	<b>Core Lab</b>		<b>Skill Development Lab I</b>	-	1	1	-
	5	1 <sup>st</sup> Complimentary Course 3		Mathematics –III	5	-	5	3
	6	2 <sup>nd</sup> Complimentary Course 3		Optional -3	5	-	5	3
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>17</b>
Semester IV	1	General Course –III ( Common to LRP group of boards )		Data Communication & Optical Fibers	4	-	4	4
	2	General Course –IV ( Common to LRP group of boards )		Microprocessors – Architecture and Programming	4	-	4	4
	3	<b>Core Course 4</b>	<b>ELE4B06</b>	<b>Analog Integrated Circuits</b>	4	2	6	3
	4	<b>Core Lab 3</b>	<b>ELE4B07</b>	<b>Digital Electronics Lab</b>	3 <sup>rd</sup> Sem. Lab exam			2
	5	<b>Core Lab 4</b>	<b>ELE4B08</b>	<b>Analog Integrated Circuits LAB</b>	4 <sup>th</sup> Sem. Lab exam			2
	6	<b>Core Lab 5</b> (3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> Sem. Lab exam + Mini Project)	<b>ELE4B09</b>	<b>Skill Development Lab II</b>	-	1	1	1
	7	1 <sup>st</sup> Complimentary Course-4		Mathematics-IV	5		5	3
	8	2 <sup>nd</sup> Complimentary Course-4		Optional 4	3	2	5	3
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>

Semester	Course No.	Courses	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours			Credits
					Theory	Lab	Total	
Semester V	1	Core Course-5	ELE5B10	Electromagnetic Theory	4	-	4	4
	2	Core Course-6	ELE5B11	Microcontroller & Interfacing	4	3	7	3
	3	Core Course-7	ELE5B12	Network Theory	4	-	4	4
	4	Open Course Choose a Course from the List	ELE5D01	Computer Hardware	3	-	3	3
			ELE5D02	Digital Fundamentals				
			ELE5D03	Electronics Fundamentals				
	5			Microprocessor programming and interfacing lab (8085 and raspberry pi)	-	3	3	-
6			Industrial Visit					
7			Project Work		4	4		
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>14</b>
Semester VI	1	Core Course-8	ELE6B13	Communication System	4	3	7	4
	2	Core Course-9	ELE6B14	Principles of DSP	4	3	7	4
	3	Core Course-10	ELE6B15	Microwave Theory and Techniques	4	-	4	4
	4	Core Course Elective	Choose a Course(Elective)		3	-	3	3
			ELE6B16a	Optical Communication				
			ELE6B16b	Industrial Electronics				
			ELE6B16c	Control Systems				
			ELE6B16d	Verilog & FPGA Based System Design				
5	Core Lab -6 (Exam)	ELE6B17	Microprocessor & Microcontroller programming and interfacing lab (8085,raspberry pi,8051and Arduino)	5 <sup>th</sup> & 6 <sup>th</sup> sem.lab Exam			3	
6	Core Lab -7 (Exam)	ELE6B18	Communication system Lab	5 <sup>th</sup> sem.lab Exam			2	
7	Core Lab -8 (Exam)	ELE6B19	Principles of DSP lab	6 <sup>th</sup> sem.lab Exam			2	
8	Core Lab -9	ELE6B20	Industrial Visit Report ( 1 credit ) & Project Work ( 2 credit ) V	0	4	4	3	
<b>Total</b>							<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>

## Core Labs

Practical examinations shall be conducted in the even semester (II, IV, and VI)

SEMESTER II	Core Lab1	ELE2B03	Basic Electronics and Network Theorems Lab
	Core Lab2	ELE2B04	Electronic Circuits Lab
SEMESTER IV	Core Lab3	ELE4B07	Digital Electronics Lab
	Core Lab4	ELE4B08	Analog Integrated Circuits LAB
	Core Lab5	ELE4B09	Skill Development Lab
SEMESTER VI	Core Lab6	ELE6B17	Microprocessor & Microcontroller programming and Interfacing lab
	Core Lab7	ELE6B18	Communication system
	Core Lab8	ELE6B19	Principles of DSP lab
	Core Lab9	ELE6B20	Industrial Visit Report & Project Work Viva Voce

## Course Evaluation (Theory)

The evaluation scheme for each course shall contain two parts

1) Internal assessment 2) External Evaluation

20% weight shall be given to the internal assessment. The remaining 80% weight shall be for the external evaluation.

### Internal Assessment

20% of the total marks in each course are for internal examinations. The internal assessment shall be based on a predetermined transparent system involving written tests, Class room participation based on attendance in respect of theory courses and lab involvement/records attendance in respect of Practical Courses.

Components with percentage of marks of Internal Evaluation of Theory Courses are-

Test paper 40%

Assignment 20%

Seminar 20%

Class room participation based on attendance 20%.

For the test paper marks, at least one test paper should be conducted. If more test papers are conducted, the mark of the best one should be taken. There shall not be any chance for improvement for internal marks.

The Split up of marks for Test paper and Class Room Participation (CRP) for internal evaluation are as follows.

### Split up of marks for Test paper

Split up of of marks for Test paper	Out of 8(Maximum internal marks is 20)	Out of 6(Maximum internal marks is 15)
Less than 35%	1	1
35%- 45%	2	2
45% - 55%	3	3
55% - 65%	4	4
65% -85%	6	5
85% -100%	8	6

### Split up of of marks for Class Room Participation

Range of CRP	Out of 4 (Maximum internal marks is 20)	Out of 3 (Maximum internal marks is 15)
50% $\leq$ CRP <75%	1	1
75% $\leq$ CRP <85%	2	2
85 % and above	4	3

## Course Evaluation (Practicals)

The practical examinations for the complementary and core courses shall be conducted by the University at the end of semesters 2, 4 and 6 respectively. The examiners shall be selected from a panel of experts prepared by the University. For each examination centre there shall be one external examiner (Chief) and one internal examiner (Additional).

For the evaluation of practical examination 20% weightage is given for internal assessment and 80% weightage is given for university exam. Record 60% lab involvement 40% as far as internal is concerned.(if a fraction appears in internal marks, nearest whole number is to be taken).

*Refer CBCSS UG Regulations 2019 for more details.*

## Course Evaluation (Projects)

1. Evaluation of the Project Report shall be done under Mark System.
2. The evaluation of the project will be done at two stages:

1. Internal Assessment (supervising teachers will assess the project and award internal Marks)
2. External evaluation (external examiner appointed by the University)
3. Marks secured for the project will be awarded to candidates, combining the internal and external Marks
4. The internal to external components is to be taken in the ratio 1:4. Assessment of different components may be taken as below.

<b>Internal (20%)</b>		<b>External (80%)</b>	
<i>Components</i>	% of Marks	<i>Components</i>	% of Marks
Punctuality and Log Book	20	Relevance of the Topic, Statement of Objectives, Methodology (Reference/ Bibliography)	20
Skill of doing project work	20	Presentation, Quality of Analysis/Use of Statistical tools, Findings and recommendations	30
Scheme/Organization of Report	30		
Viva-Voce	30	Viva-Voce	50

1. External Examiners will be appointed by the University from the list of VI semester Board of Examiners in consultation with the Chairperson of the Board.
2. The chairman of the VI semester examination should form and coordinate the evaluation teams and their work.
3. Internal Assessment should be completed 2 weeks before the last working day of semester.
4. In the case of courses with practical examination, project evaluation shall be done along with practical examinations.
5. Chairman Board of Examinations, may at his discretion, on urgent requirements, make certain exception in the guidelines for the smooth conduct of the evaluation of project.

## **PASS CONDITIONS**

- Submission of the Project Report and presence of the student for viva are compulsory for internal evaluation. No marks shall be awarded to a candidate if she/ he fails to submit the Project Report for external evaluation.
- The student should get a minimum P Grade in aggregate of External and Internal.
- There shall be no improvement chance for the Marks obtained in the Project Report.
- In the extent of student failing to obtain a minimum of Pass Grade, the project work may be re-done and a new internal mark may be submitted by the Parent Department. External examination may be conducted along with the subsequent batch.

Semester	Credit for					Total	Hours for Core			Hours for			Total Hours per week
	Core	Complimentary	Eng.	SL	General		Theory	Lab	Total	Eng	SL	Complimentary	
I	2	6	7	4		19	1	2	3	9	5	8	25
II	4	6	7	4		21	1	2	3	9	5	8	25
III	3	6			8	17	12	3	15	-	-	10	25
IV	8	6			8	22	12	3	15	-	-	10	25
V	14					15	15	10	25	-	-	-	25
VI	25					26	15	10	25	-	-	-	25
Total	58*	24	14	8	16	120							

\* (Including Open Course)

Work load (Core)					
Semester	Theory	Lab	Total	Odd Sem Total	Even Sem Total
I	1	2x2	6	58	-
III	12	3x2	18		
V	15	10x2	35		
II	1	2x2	6	-	58
IV	12	3x2	18		
VI	15	10x2	35		

## Question paper -Core and Complimentary

### Scheme of Examinations:

The external QP with 80 marks and Internal examination is of 20 marks. Duration of each external examination is 2.5 Hrs. The pattern of External Examination is as given below. The students can answer all the questions in Sections A&B. But there shall be Ceiling in each section.

**Section A**

Short answer type carries 2 marks each - 15 questions Ceiling - 25

**Section B**

Paragraph/ Problem type carries 5 marks each - 8 questions Ceiling - 35

**Section C**

Essay type carries 10 marks (2 out of 4) 2X10=20

**Question paper - Open Course****Scheme of Examinations:**

The external QP with 60 marks and Internal examination is of 15 marks. Duration of each external examination is 2 Hrs. The pattern of External Examination is as given below. The students can answer all the questions in Sections A& B. But there shall be Ceiling in each section.

**Section A**

Short answer type carries 2 marks each - 12 questions Ceiling - 20

**Section B**

Paragraph/ Problem type carries 5 marks each - 7 questions Ceiling - 30

**Section C**

Essay type carries 10 marks (1 out of 2) 1X10=10

**Ability Enhancement courses/Audit courses:**

These are courses which are mandatory for a programme but not counted for the calculation of SGPA or CGPA. There shall be one Audit course each in the first four semesters. These courses are not meant for class room study. The students can attain only pass (Grade P) for these courses. At the end of each semester there shall be examination conducted by the college from a pool of questions (Question Bank) set by the University. The students can also attain these credits through online courses like SWAYAM, MOOC etc (optional). The list of passed students must be sent to the University from the colleges at least before the fifth semester examination. The list of courses in each semester with credits are given below.

Course	Credit	Semester
Environment Studies	4	1
Disaster Management	4	2
*Human Rights/Intellectual Property Rights/ Consumer Protection	4	3
*Gender Studies/Gerontology	4	4

\* Colleges can opt any one of the courses.

## **Evaluation of Audit courses:**

The examination shall be conducted by the college itself from the Question Bank prepared by the University. The Question paper shall be of 100 marks of 3 hour duration.

## **Extra credit Activities:**

Extra credits are mandatory for the programme. Extra credits will be awarded to students who participate in activities like NCC, NSS and Swach Bharath. Those students who could not join in any of the above activities have to undergo Calicut University Social Service Programme (CUSSP). Extra credits are not counted for SGPA or CGPA.

## **Attendance:**

A student shall be permitted to appear for the semester examination, only if he/she secures not less than 75% attendance in each semester. Attendance shall be maintained by the Department concerned. Condonation of shortage of attendance to a maximum of 10% in the case of single condonation and 20% in the case of double condonation in a semester shall be granted by University remitting the required fee. Benefits of attendance may be granted to students who attend the approved activities of the college/university with the prior concurrence of the Head of the institution. Participation in such activities may be treated as presence in lieu of their absence on production of participation/attendance certificate (within two weeks) in curricular/extracurricular activities (maximum 9 days in a semester). Students can avail of condonation of shortage of attendance in a maximum of four semesters during the entire programme (Either four single condonations or one double condonation and two single condonations during the entire programme). If a student fails to get 65% attendance, he/she can move to the next semester only if he/she acquires 50% attendance. In that case, a **provisional registration** is needed. Such students can appear for supplementary examination for such semesters after the completion of the programme. Less than 50% attendance requires Readmission. Readmission is permitted only once during the entire programme.

# Semester I

## Core Course 1

### ELE1B01 - Basic Electronics and Network Theorems

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 2

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### Course Outcome

To equip the students with basic components in electronics, identifying and testing them, various measuring and testing instruments, assembling of electronic circuits and basic techniques of troubleshooting.

- To learn the basics of electronic components
- To learn the basics of testing and measuring instruments
- To learn the circuit assembling
- To study circuit troubleshooting

#### Course Outline

##### Module I

Introduction to Electronics - Definition, applications, Electric field, Potential, Potential difference, Electric current, Relation between charge and current, Concept of Voltage and Current Sources, AC and DC. Concepts of open and short circuit, Ohm's law, Electrical Resistance, Factors affecting Resistance, Temperature coefficient, Resistivity, Load Resistance and load current, Power dissipation, Passive components –R,C,L- Types, construction, symbols, specifications, Units ,Colour coding, Testing.

##### Module II

Resistance in series and parallel, Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL), Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL), Principle of Duality, Superposition Theorem. Thevenin's Theorem. Norton's Theorem. Reciprocity Theorem. Maximum Power Transfer Theorem, Two Port Networks: h, y and z parameters.

##### Module III

Review of Structure of solids - Semiconductor materials, Intrinsic Semiconductors, Extrinsic Semiconductors –Semiconductor Parameters - Intrinsic concentration, Mobility, Conductivity, Mass action law, Energy gap, Drift and Diffusion Current, Semiconductor Diodes – PN junction, Junction Theory, Depletion layer, Barrier potential ,forward and reverse biasing VI characteristics of PN junction diode, Ideal diode, Static and Dynamic Resistance , Diode current equation, Diode notations, diode testing, Special Diodes - Construction, Characteristics and applications of Zener diode, LED.

##### Module IV

Bipolar Junction Transistors – Types, Construction, Operation, Common Base configuration-input and output characteristics, Common Emitter configuration- input and output characteristics, Common collector configuration, Limits of operation. Field Effect Transistors – introduction, Types,

Construction and Characteristics of JFET, Transfer Characteristics, Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistors – Depletion Type, Enhancement Type.  
UJT, SCR, – Construction, operation, characteristics and applications.

### **Text Books**

1. NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshtha, SC Gupta “Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits” Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company LTD
2. R.S. Sedha “A text book of applied Electronics” S Chand and Company LTD
3. Robert L. Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky “Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory” , 10th edition, Pearson
4. Circuits and Networks – A. Sudhakar, S.P. Shyammohan, TMH Publications

### **References**

1. Jacob millman, Christos c halkias, satyabratajit , 2nd edition “Electronic Devices and circuits”
2. B.L. Theraja, “Electrical and Electronic Engineering”, S Chand and Company LTD
3. R.K. Puri , V.K. Babbar, “Solid state physics and Electronics” , S Chand and Company LTD
4. V.K Mehta, “Principles of Electronics”, S Chand and Company LTD Tata McGraw Hill Education pvt Ltd.
5. S. A. Nasar, Electric Circuits, Schaum’s outline series, Tata McGraw Hill (2004)
6. Electrical Circuits, M. Nahvi and J. Edminister, Schaum’s Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill.(2005)

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Core Lab1**

### **ELE2B03– Basic Electronics and Network Theorems Lab**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 2 (2L)

**Number of Credits:** 2

**Number of Contact Hours:** 30 Hrs.

1. Familiarization of various measuring and testing equipments and power sources – Voltmeter, Ammeter, Multimeter, LCR meter, CRO, Function Generator, etc.
2. Familiarization and testing of passive and active components.
3. Verification of equivalent resistance of series and parallel resistor networks, Voltage division and Current division Rules
4. Verification of KVL and KCL
5. Diode Characteristics (Si, Ge, LED and Zener)
6. Common base transistor characteristics
7. Common emitter transistor characteristics
8. FET characteristics

9. UJT characteristics
10. SCR characteristics

### **References**

1. NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshta, SC Gupta “Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits”  
Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company LTD
2. Jacob millman, Christos c halkias, satyabratajit , 2<sup>nd</sup> edition “Electronic Devices and circuits”, Tata McGraw Hill Education pvt Ltd.

## **Core Course 2**

### **ELE2B02- Electronic Circuits**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 2

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic components in electronics, identifying and testing them, various measuring and testing instruments, assembling of electronic circuits and basic techniques of troubleshooting.

- To learn fundamentals of electronics
- To learn the circuit assembling
- To study circuit troubleshooting

#### **Course Outline**

##### Module I

Rectifiers – Half wave, full wave, bridge – average value, RMS value, PIV, Ripple factor, efficiency, Comparison of rectifiers. Filters - C, L, LC,  $\pi$ . Regulators – Zener diode voltage Regulator, Series voltage Regulator, fixed voltage dc power supply circuit, Line and Load Regulation. Wave shaping Circuits -Clipping circuits – Positive, Negative, Biased, Combination. Clamping Circuits – Positive, Negative, Biased, Combination. RC Integrator and Low Pass Filter, RC Differentiator and High Pass Filter.

##### Module II

Transistor Biasing – operating point, DC Load Line, Fixed bias, Emitter bias, Voltage Divider bias, Collector feedback, Emitter follower, bias stabilization, BJT AC Analysis – Amplification in the ac domain, BJT modelling, The Hybrid equivalent model – Amplifier analysis, cascaded system, RC coupled BJT amplifier, tuned amplifier.

##### Module III

Frequency Response –Logarithm, decibel, general frequency consideration, gain bandwidth product, Concept of power amplifiers – class A, class B, class C – operation – types of distortions in power amplifiers, Complementary Symmetry Push-Pull Amplifier. Feedback - Concepts, types, effect on gain, input impedance, output impedance, frequency distortion, noise, nonlinear distortion, bandwidth and gain stability.

##### Module IV

Sinusoidal Oscillators –Criteria for oscillations-Barkhausen-oscillator operations, phase shift oscillator, weinbridge oscillator, colpittsoscillator, Hartley oscillator, crystal oscillators, non sinusoidal oscillators –classification, transistor as a switch, astable, monostable and bistablemultivibrators, Schmitt trigger.

#### **Text Books**

1. Bhargava, Kurukshetra & Gupta, "Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits", Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing LTD.
2. R S Sedha, "Applied Electronics", S. Chand and Company LTD.
3. Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", 10th edition, Pearson

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2. V.K Mehta, "Principles of Electronics", S Chand and Company LTD
3. Jacob Millman & Halkias "Integrated Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill 2009

## Structure of Question Paper

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## Core Lab 2

### ELE2B04- Electronic Circuits Lab

**Contact Hours per Week: 2 (2L)**

**Number of Credits: 2**

**Number of Contact Hours: 30 Hrs.**

1. Rectifier circuits: Half Wave, Centre tapped and Bridge
2. Different Filter circuits (C, L, pi)
3. Zener Voltage Regulator
4. Diode clippers and Clampers
5. RC differentiator and HPF
6. RC Integrator and LPF
7. Voltage divider biasing circuits
7. Single stage transistor amplifier
8. RC Phase Shift Oscillator
9. Crystal Oscillators
10. Astable Multivibrator and Monostable multivibrator using BJT

## References

1. NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshta, SC Gupta "Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company LTD

2. Jacob millman, Christos c halkias, satyabratajit , 2<sup>nd</sup> edition “Electronic Devices and circuits”, Tata McGraw Hill Education pvt Ltd.

# Semester III

## General Course 1 XXXXA11 – Python

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### Course Outcomes

- Understand various statements, data types and functions in Python
- Develop programs in Python programming language
- Understand the basics of Object oriented programming using Python

### Course Outline

#### Module I

Introduction to python, features, IDLE, python interpreter, Writing and executing python scripts, comments, identifiers, keywords, variables, data type, operators, operator precedence and associativity, statements, expressions, user inputs, type function, eval function, print function.

#### Module II

Boolean expressions, Simple if statement, if-elif-else statement, compound boolean expressions, nesting, multi way decisions. Loops: The while statement, range functions, the for statement, nested loops, break and continue statements, infinite loops.

#### Module III

Functions, built-in functions, mathematical functions, date time functions, random numbers, writing user defined functions, composition of functions, parameter and arguments, default parameters, function calls, return statement, using global variables, recursion.

#### Module IV

String and string operations, List- creating list, accessing, updating and deleting elements from a list, basic list operations. Tuple- creating and accessing tuples in python, basic tuple operations. Dictionary, built in methods to access, update and delete dictionary values. Set and basic operations on a set.

Files- opening a file, reading and writing to file. OOPS concept and Python – OOPS terminology, defining classes, creating objects, attributes, built in attributes.

#### References:

1. E. Balaguruswamy, Introduction to Computing and Problem Solving Using Python
2. Richard L. Halterman, Learning To Program With Python
3. Martin C. Brown, Python: The Complete Reference

## **General Course II**

### **XXXXA12 – Sensors and Transducers**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students will be able to

- Explain resistance, inductance and capacitance transducers.
- Perceive the concepts of temperature and pressure transducers.
- Perceive the concepts level transducers such as and flow transducers
- Explain Electromagnetic transducers and radiation sensors
- Explain force and torque transducers and sound transducers

#### **Course Outline**

##### **Module I**

Transducers: Definition, Principle of sensing & transduction, Classification, Characteristics of transducers. Basic requirement of transducers.

Resistance Transducer: Basic principle – Potentiometer –Loading effects, Resistance strain gauge–Types.

Inductance Transducer: - Basic principle – Linear variable differential transformer – RVDT-types.

Capacitance Transducer: Basic principle- transducers using change in area of plates – distance between plates- variation of dielectric constants –Types

##### **Module II**

Thermal sensors: Resistance change type: RTD - materials, construction, types, working principle, Thermistor - materials, construction, types, working principle, Thermo emf sensors: Thermocouple – Principle and types, Radiation sensors: Principle and types.

Pressure Transducers: basic principle- different types of manometers-u tube manometer-well type manometers.

##### **Module III**

Level transducer-continuous level measurement-discrete level measurement-mass –capacitive level gauges

Flow Transducers: Bernoulli's principle and continuity, Orifice plate, nozzle plate, venture tube, Rotameter, anemometers, electromagnetic flow meter, impeller meter and turbid flow meter

##### **Module IV**

Hall effect transducers, Digital transducers, Piezo-electric sensors, eddy current transducers, tacho generators and stroboscope, Magnetostrictive transducers

Radiation sensors: LDR, Photovoltaic cells, photodiodes, photo emissive cell types

Force and Torque Transducers: Proving ring, hydraulic and pneumatic load cell, dynamometer and gyroscopes.

Sound Transducers: Sound level meter, Microphone.

### **Text Books**

1. D Patranabis, Sensors and Transducers, PHI, 2nd Edition.
2. E. A. Doebelin, Measurement Systems: Application and Design McGraw Hill, New York
3. A.K. Sawhney,- A course in Electrical & Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation, Dhanpat Rai and Company Private Limited.
4. Murthy D.V.S., —Transducers and Instrumentation, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2010.
5. S.Renganathan, —Transducer Engineering, Allied Publishers, 2005

## **Core Course 3**

### **ELE3B05- Digital Electronics**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 7 (4T + 3L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with detailed knowledge in digital electronics, digital IC's in the 74XX Series. Many of the ideas are important to learn microprocessors.

To learn different number systems, logic gates, comparators, flip flops etc

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I**

Number systems – Decimal, Binary, Octal & Hexadecimal – conversions, Digital codes – BCD, Excess 3, Gray code-conversions, ASCII codes, Boolean algebra & theorems, SOP & POS, De Morgan's theorem, Simplification of Boolean expressions using Boolean Algebra & K Map (upto four variables). Logic gates – AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR, XNOR. Universal Properties of NAND and NOR.

#### **Module II**

Different Logic families: TTL, CMOS, ECL, Open Collector & its characteristics. Combinational circuits: Adders - Half adder and Full adder. Subtractors - Half and Full subtractor. Comparators - 1 bit magnitude & 2 bit magnitude. Decoders - 2 to 4 & 3 to 8. Encoders - Octal to Binary & Decimal to BCD, Code converters - Gray to Binary, Binary to Gray and Binary to BCD.

#### **Module III**

Multiplexers: 2 input, 4 input & 8 input. Demultiplexers: 1 to 4 & 1 to 8. Realization of Boolean expression using multiplexers and demultiplexers. Familiarisation of popular ICs: 7483 (4 –Bit Binary Adder), 74151 ( Multiplexer), 74154 (De- Multiplexer) and its applications. Sequential circuits: Flip Flops: RS latch, clocked RS, D, JK, T, Preset and Clear operations, Race-around condition in JK Flip-Flop, Master slave JK. Applications – Latches, Shift registers - SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO, typical circuits & applications as Ring counter and Johnson counter.

## Module IV

Counters: State diagram & State table. Asynchronous counters: Concepts and Design of 2bit & 4 bit Up/Down counter, MOD counter. Synchronous counters, Familiarization of popular ICs: 7490 (Decade Counter), 4017 (Decade Counter/Divider with 10 Decoded Outputs) and 7446 (BCD to Seven Segment Decoder).

Converters: ADC – Flash, Successive Approximation, Counter Ramp. DAC-Weighted Resistor and R-2R Ladder. Parameters of DAC and ADC.

### Text Books

1. Digital fundamentals - Thomalsfloyd
2. Anandkumar, Fundamentals of digital circuits, PHI, 2/e, 2012.
3. Digital Principles - Malvino

### References

1. John M Yarbrough, Digital logic- Application and Design, Thomson Learning, 2006.
2. John Wakerly, Digital Design Principles and Practice, Pearson, 4/e, 2012.
3. Morris Mano, Ciletti, Digital Design, 4/e, Pearson, 4/e, 2009
4. Digital Integrated circuits - Taub and Schilling

### Structure of Question Paper

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## Core Lab 3

### ELE4B07- Digital Electronics Lab

**Contact Hours per Week:** 2 (2L)

**Number of Credits:** 2

**Number of Contact Hours:** 30 Hrs.

1. Logic gates
  - a. To verify the truth tables of NOT, AND, OR and XOR gates
  - b. To verify Demorgan's theorem for two variables
  - c. Realization of SOP and POS expressions using Basic logic gates
2. Universal Gates
  - a. To verify the truth tables of NAND and NOR gates
  - b. To verify the universal properties of NAND and NOR gates
  - c. Realization of SOP and POS expressions using NAND and NOR gates
3. Adders
  - a. To realize half adder and Full adder circuits and verify the truth tables
  - b. To verify the operation of 7483 four bit parallel adder

4. Subtractors
  - a. To realize half subtractor and Full subtractor circuits and verify the truth tables
  - b. To construct and verify four bit subtractor using IC 7483
5. Comparators
  - a. To design and verify two bit magnitude comparator using gates
  - b. To verify the operation of 4 bit magnitude comparator IC 7485
6. Multiplexers
  - a. To verify the truth table of 4 to 1 multiplexer using IC 74153
  - b. To verify the truth table of 8 to 1 multiplexer using IC 74151
  - c. To realize a Boolean function (up to 3 variable) using multiplexer IC 74153/74151
7. De-Multiplexers and Decoders
  - a. To design 1 to 8 De multiplexer using IC 74138
  - b. To design 3 to 8 decoder using IC 74138
  - c. To study the operation of 4 line to 16 line Decoder / De-multiplexer IC 74154
  - d. To study the operation of seven segment decoder ICs
  - e. To realize Boolean Expressions using decoders
8. Encoders
  - a. To realize 4 to 2 line encoder and verify its truth table
  - b. To verify the operation of priority encoder IC 74148
9. Latches and Flip Flops
  - a. To realize RS latch using gates
  - b. To design and verify the operation of Clocked RS flip flop using NAND gates (7400)
  - c. To realize JK flip flop using NAND gates (7410 and 7400)
  - d. To verify the operation of D flip flop IC7474 and JK flip flop IC 7476
10. Counters
  - a. To design and construct asynchronous decade counter using JK flip flops
  - b. To design and construct synchronous decade counter using JK flip flops
  - c. To design and verify the operation of counter IC 7490 as MOD 2 Counter, MOD 5 Counter, MOD 8 Counter, MOD 10 Counter
11. Shift Registers
  - a. To design and verify the operation of 4 bit SISO,SIPO,PISO and PIPO shift registers using D flip flop
12. Shift Register Counters
  - a. To design and verify the operation of 4bit Ring counter using D flip flops
  - b. To design and verify the operation of 4bit Johnson counter using D flip flops

*\* pin diagrams will be provided during Lab examination.*

**Core Lab 5**  
**ELE4B09- Skill Development Lab I**

**Contact Hours per Week: 1 (1L)**

**Number of Contact Hours: 15 Hrs.**

1. Simulation and PCB design using software (Minimum Two Experiment)
  - a. Rectifier and Filter Circuits
  - b. RC Amplifier Circuit
  - c. Oscillator Circuits
  - d. Combinational Circuits
  - e. Counters using flip flops
  - f. Shift Registers
2. PCB fabrication - any one circuit
3. Assembling, Soldering and testing of the PCB fabricated circuit

**Guidelines:**

1. may use any software like SPICE, e-Sim, Kicad, Orcad, Proteus, etc
2. A printed record of laboratory work with schematics, simulation results and PCB layout as print out must be submitted along with the report of Skill Development Lab.
3. Evaluation will be done at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> semester.

# Semester IV

## General Course III

### XXXXA13 – Data Communication & Optical Fibers

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### Course Outcomes

#### Course Outline

##### Module I

Introduction- Components, Networks, Protocols and standards, Basic Concepts: Line Configuration, Topology Transmission mode, analog and digital signals, Encoding and modulating- analog-to-digital conversion, digital to analog conversion, digital data transmission, DTE-DCE interface, modems, cable modems. Transmission media: guided media, unguided media, and transmission impairment.

##### Module II

Multiplexing: Many to one/ one to many, frequency division multiplexing, wave division multiplexing, TDM, multiplexing applications: the telephone system, Error detection and correction : types of errors, detection , VRC, Longitudinal redundancy check, cyclic redundancy check, checksum, error correction.

##### Module III

Data link Control: Line Discipline, flow control, error control, Data link Protocols: Asynchronous Protocols, synchronous protocols, character oriented protocols, bit – oriented protocols, link access procedures. Local Area Networks: Ethernet, token bus, token ring, FDDI, Comparison, Switching- circuit switching, packet switching, message switching, integrated services digital networks (ISDN): services, history, subscriber access to ISDN.

##### Module IV

(Derivation not required )

Overview Of Optical Fiber Communication - Introduction, historical development, general system, advantages, disadvantages, and applications of optical fiber communication, optical fiber waveguides, fiber materials, Optical Sources And Detectors- Introduction, LED's, LASER diodes, Photo detectors. Ray theory, cylindrical fiber, single mode fiber, cutoff wave length, mode field diameter.

#### Text Book

1.Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking, TMH

2. Optical Fiber Communication – Gerd Keiser, 4th Ed., MGH, 2008.

**Reference Books:**

1. William Stallings: Data & Computer Communications, 6/e, Pearson Education.
2. William L. Schweber : Data Communication, McGraw Hill.
3. Electronic Communication Systems - Kennedy and Davis, TMH
4. Optical Fiber Communications– – John M. Senior, Pearson Education. 3rd Impression,2007.
5. Fiber optic communication – Joseph C Palais: 4th Edition, Pearson Education

**General Course IV**  
**XXXXA14 – Microprocessors – Architecture and Programming**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

**Course Outcomes**

**Course Outline**

Module I

General architecture of computer, Introduction to Microprocessor, Memory classification, Introduction to 8085, Microprocessor bus organizations ,data bus, address bus, control bus. Memory addressing, memory mapping. 8085 architecture in detail. General purpose registers and special purpose registers, flag register -8085 pins and signals.

Module II

Assembly language programming basics. Opcode, Mnemonics etc. 8085 instruction set ,Data transfer ,Arithmetic and Logic, Shifting and rotating, Branching/Jump, Program control. Addressing modes. Memory read and write cycle. Timing diagram. Instruction cycle , machine cycle and T-states. Types of I/O addressing .Simple programs.

Module III

Types of programming techniques looping, indexing (pointers),delay generation. Stack in 8085, call and return Instructions. Data transfer between stack and microprocessor. Subroutine and delay programs. Interrupts in 8085. Interrupt driven programs. Interfacing - Programmable peripheral devices - 8255A, 8254, 8237.

Module IV

Introduction to 8086/88 microprocessors – overview, 8086 internal architecture. The execution unit, BIU, Registers, Flags, Segmentation, physical address calculation, addressing modes.

### **Text Book**

1. Ramesh S. Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture Programming and Application with 8085, Prentice Hall
2. Doughles V Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing: Programming and Hardware, Tata McGraw Hill

### **Reference Book**

1. Microprocessor and Microcomputer - Based system Design - M. Rafiquzzman - CRC press
2. A.P Mathur, Introduction to Microprocessors, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
3. The Intel Microprocessors: 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro, Pentium II, III, IV and Core 2 with 64 bit Extensions, Barry B. Brey, Prentice Hall Pearson
4. Microprocessors PC Hardware and Interfacing – N. Mathivanan – PHI

## **Core Course 4**

### **ELE4B06- Analog Integrated Circuits**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 7 (4T + 3L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with detailed knowledge of Analog IC's like OPAMP 741, IC 555 etc.  
To learn the basics of Amplifiers, filters, wave form generators, comparators, Multivibrators and voltage regulators

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I**

Block Diagram of typical operational Amplifiers – Ideal Op-amp characteristics – Op amp Parameters – Inverting and Non-Inverting Amplifier – Voltage Follower- Summing Amplifier-Differential Amplifier- Instrumentation Amplifier – V to I and I to V converter- Integrator – Differentiator – Typical circuits – Applications.

#### **Module II**

Introduction – First order – Butter worth – Low pass, High pass, Band pass, Band Reject, Notch and All pass Filters – Typical circuits- Applications. Wave form generators – Square wave generator- Triangular and Sawtooth wave generators – sine wave oscillators (Phase shift, Wien Bridge and Quadrature Oscillators).

#### **Module III**

Basic comparator – Characteristics – Typical comparator circuits using op amp – zero crossing detector – Schmitt trigger – Typical Circuits – Operation – Application-Window detector-Peak detector-Sample and Hold circuit-Clippers and Clampers-half wave Rectifier – Precision Rectifier. Introduction to Timer 555 -Monostable and Astable Multivibrator -Application of

## Monostable and Astable Multivibrator

### Module IV

Voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), PLL – block diagram, Operating principle, parameters, pinout, function, applications and typical circuits.

Basic circuit configuration and characteristics of voltage regulators – Basic blocks of linear voltage regulator – three terminal fixed regulators (78XX and 79XX), Adjustable Positive voltage Regulator (LM 317) and Adjustable Negative voltage Regulator (LM 337)-variable voltage Regulators (723), Switching regulator, S.M.P.S – Typical circuits (Buck and Boost)–Applications.

### Text book

1. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "Op-amp and Linear ICs", Prentice-Hall of India Private LTD.
2. Botkar, "Integrated Circuits"

### Reference

1. Mottershed, "Electronic Devices and circuits",
2. Millman & Halkias, "Integrated Electronic", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing LTD.
3. Tobey & Buelsman, "Op-amp Design and Application",

### Structure of Question Paper

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## Core Lab 4

### ELE4B08 - Analog Integrated Circuits Lab

**Contact Hours per Week:** 2 (2L)

**Number of Credits:** 2

**Number of Contact Hours:** 30 Hrs.

1. Inverting and non inverting op-amp configuration and its characteristics.
2. Differentiator and integrator circuit characteristics.
3. Summing and difference amplifiers.
4. Voltage follower and instrumentation amplifier.
5. Low pass and High pass filters and their frequency response.
6. Band pass filter and Band rejection filter and their frequency response.
7. Schmitt trigger-measurement of UTP and LTP.
8. Triangle wave generator.
9. Astable and monostable multivibrator using 555
10. IC fixed voltage regulation and characteristics.
11. IC 723 variable voltage regulator.

12. Oscillators: 1) Wein bridge 2) RC phase shift.

Text book:

1. T.D. Kuryachan&Shyam Mohan S, "Electronics Lab Manual, Vol.II", Ayodhya publications.

## **Core Lab 5** **ELE4B09- Skill Development Lab II**

**Contact Hours per Week: 1 (1L)**

**Number of Credits: 1**

**Number of Contact Hours: 15 Hrs.**

Design and Development of a mini project based on Skill Development Lab 1 and Core Courses 1-4

### **Guidelines:**

1. Students should select a problem which addresses some basic home, office or other real life applications.
2. The electronic circuit for the selected problem should have at least 8 to 15 components.
3. Students should understand testing of various components.
4. Soldering of components should be carried out by students.
5. Students should develop a necessary PCB for the circuit.
6. Students should see that final circuit submitted by them is in working condition.
7. 5 - 10 pages report to be submitted by students.
8. Group of maximum two students can be permitted to work on a single mini project.
9. The mini project must be hardware based. The software and firmware are not allowed.
10. Department may arrange demonstration with poster presentation of all mini projects developed by the students at the end of 4th semester.

# Semester V

## Core Course 5

### ELE5B10 - Electromagnetic Theory

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4 (4T)

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

#### Course Outcome

To equip the students with basic knowledge in E.M.Theory, which is important in the field of communications?

To learn the Electrostatics, Magnetostatics and Electrodynamics

#### Course Outline

##### Module I: Fundamental of Vector Analysis

Fundamental vector operations, Coordinate systems-unit length, area and volume, Integrals of vector functions, Gradient of a scalar field, Divergence of a vector field, Divergence theorem, Curl of a vector field, Stokes's theorem, Physical Interpretation of Gradient, divergent and curl, coordinate transformations.

##### Module II: Electrostatics

Static Electric Fields; Postulates of electrostatics, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law and applications, Electric potential, dielectrics, flux, boundary conditions, capacitance, capacitors, Electrostatic energy and forces, Solution of Electrostatic Problems- Poisson's and Laplace's equations-Method of images, Boundary conditions and Boundary value problems.

##### Module III: Magnetostatics

Steady Electric Currents; current density, Ohm's law, Boundary condition for current density, Equation of continuity and Kirchhoff's law, Biot-Savart Law, Postulates of Magnetostatics, Vector Magnetic Potential, Force between two current wires, Ampere's Circuit Theorem, Magnetic dipole, Boundary conditions for magnetostatic fields, Magnetic energy, Magnetic forces and torques.

##### Module IV: Time varying Electromagnetic fields and waves

Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction, Inconsistency of Amperes law, Maxwell's equations , Integral and differential forms, conduction current and displacement current- Uniform Plane waves- Poynting theorem and Poynting vector- Solution for free space condition-Intrinsic impedance- wave equation for conducting medium- Wave polarization, Reflection and transmission, TE, TM and TEM waves, fundamentals of antennas and parameters.

## **Text Books**

1. Engineering Electromagnetics – Haytt (McGraw-Hill Education)
2. Elements of Electromagnetics--Matthew N. O. Sadiku (Oxford University Press)
3. Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines--G. S. N. Raju (Pearson Education)

## **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Core Course 6**

### **ELE5B11 - Microcontroller & Interfacing**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 8 (5T + 3L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 75 Hrs.

## **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic understanding of Microcontrollers and its applications.  
To learn the basics of microcontrollers

## **Course Outline**

### **Module I:**

Comparison between microprocessor and Microcontroller .The 8051 Microcontroller .Architecture of 8051 microcontroller.Internal memory (ROM) organization.Important Registers .Internal RAM organization. Register banks, Byte and bit addressable area. Flags and flag register (PSW) .Program counter and data pointer. Stack and Stack pointer. Special Function Registers. 8051 Ports and I/O pins, control signals. External memory interfacing signals.

### **Module II:**

8051 instruction set, Data transfer (internal and external) ,Arithmetic and Logic, Shifting and rotating ,Branching/Jump. Bit related instructions and operations. Addressing modes. External memory related instruction. Stack and subroutine. Call and return instructions. Push and Pop instructions. Delay generation, calculation and programs.8051 Interrupts.

### **Module III:**

Counters and Timers: Timer / counter interrupt – Delay using Timer - Modes of Operation - Counting .RS232 Communication standard. Serial data input of serial data output : Serial data

interrupt - Data transmission Data reception - serial data transmission interrupts : Times Flag  
interrupt - Serial port interrupt - External interrupt - Reset - Interrupt concept - interrupt priority -  
interrupt destination - software generated interrupts.

#### **Module IV:**

Introduction to Arduino - Pin configuration arduinouno and architecture, Device and platform features, Concept of digital and analog ports.

Introduction to Embedded C and Arduino IDE -Arduino data types, Variables and constants, Operators, Control Statements, Arrays, Functions. Input Output - Pins Configuration, Pull-up Resistors, Functions - pinMode() , digitalWrite() , analogRead() , analogWrite() and Arduino Interrupts. Time Functions - delay(), delayMicroseconds(), millis(), micros().

Interfacing -UART, Serial monitor. Interfacing a 8 bit LCD to Arduino, Arduino LCD Library, Humidity Sensor, Temperature Sensor (LM35), Water Detector / Sensor, PIR Sensor , Ultrasonic Sensor.

#### **Text Book:**

1. The 8051 microcontroller and embedded systems using assembly and C - Kenneth.J.Ayala - CENGAGE Learning.
2. The 8051 microcontroller and applications – Ali Mazidi
3. Microprocessors and micro-controllers (8085, 8051) – Krishna Kant -PHI India
4. Arduino For Dummies by John Nussey
5. Arduino-Based Embedded Systems : By Rajesh Singh, Anita Gehlot, Bhupendra Singh, and SushabhanChoudhury.
6. Arduino Made Simple by AshwinPajankar
7. <https://www.arduino.cc>

#### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

### **Core Course 7**

#### **ELE5B12 - Network Theory**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4 (4T )

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

## Course Outcome

To equip the students with basic knowledge in the Network theory  
To learn the basics of Networks, Fourier series, Network theorems

## Course Outline

### Module 1

Basic circuit elements and waveforms - introduction - circuit components - assumption of circuit analysis - sources of electrical energy - standard input signals -sinusoidal signals parallel and series parallel networks - source transformation - Mesh and nodal analysis, Star-Delta Conversion, network equation for RLC network -magnetic coupling.

### Module 2

DC Transient Analysis : Initially charged RC circuit, RL circuit with initial current, time constant, RL and RC circuits with sources, DC response of series RLC circuits (using differential equations).

### Module 3

AC Circuit Analysis: Sinusoidal Voltage and Current, Definition of Instantaneous, Peak, Peak to Peak, Root Mean Square and Average Values. Voltage-Current relationship in Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor, Phasor, Complex Impedance, Power in AC Circuits: Instantaneous Power, Average Power, Reactive Power, Power Factor. Sinusoidal Circuit Analysis for RL, RC and RLC Circuits

### Module 4

Resonance in Series and Parallel RLC Circuits, Frequency Response of Series and Parallel RLC Circuits, Quality (Q) Factor and Bandwidth. Passive Filters: Low Pass, High Pass, Band Pass and Band Stop.

## Text Books

1. Roy Choudhary, Networks and Systems, New Age International
2. Sudhakar and Shyam Mohan, Circuits and Networks- Analysis and Synthesis, TMH
3. W. H. Hayt, J. E. Kemmerly, S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill
4. Electrical Circuits, M. Nahvi and J. Edminister, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill
5. S. A. Nasar, Electric Circuits, Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill (2004)
6. Alexander and M. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits , McGraw Hill (2008)

## References

1. VanValkenburg, Network Analysis, PHI, 3/e, 2011
2. Franklin F. Kuo, Network Analysis and Synthesis, Wiley India, 2/e, 2012
3. Robert L. Boylestad, Essentials of Circuit Analysis, Pearson Education (2004)

## Structure of Question Paper

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## Core Lab 6

### ELE6B17 -Microprocessor & Microcontroller 8051 programming lab

**Number of Credits:** 3

#### **PART A –Microprocessor and Interfacing Lab**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (3L)

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **Section A (Microprocessor 8085)**

1. Addition – 8 bit, 16 bit
2. Subtraction – 8 bit, 16 bit
3. Block data transfer
4. Array addition (multibyte)
5. Logical operators – AND, OR NOT
6. Multiplication & Division
7. Decimal to ASCII and ASCII to Decimal
8. Decimal to Hexa and Hexa to Decimal
9. Ascending Order & Descending order
10. Largest & smallest
11. Interfacing with LED's
12. square wave Generation

#### **Section B (Python Programing with Raspberry Pi)**

1. Interfacing LED
2. Relay Interfacing
3. Temperature monitoring
4. IR interfacing
5. Water level controller
6. Moisture sensing

#### **PART B – Microcontroller and Interfacing Lab**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (3L)

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **8051:**

1. Addition – 8 bit, 16 bit.
2. Subtraction – 8 bit, 16 bit.
3. Multiplication & Division
4. Array addition (multibyte)
5. Logical Operations – AND, OR, NOT
6. Decimal to ASCII and ASCII to Decimal.
7. Decimal to Hexa and Hexa to Decimal.
8. Interfacing with LED's

**Arduino :**

9. Familiarization of Arduino IDE
10. Interfacing LEDs and Switches
11. Traffic Light Controller
12. Automatic Guided Vehicle
13. Water Level Controller using float sensors
14. Interfacing LCD
15. Digital Thermometer using IC LM35
16. Distance Measurement using Ultrasonic Sensor
17. LED brightness control using PWM

- Opcodesheet will be provided during Lab examination.

**Core Lab 09**  
**ELE6B20 – Industrial Visit & Project Work**

## **Industrial Visit**

**Contact Hours per Week:** -  
**Number of Credits:** 1  
**Number of Contact Hours:** -

**Course Outcome:**

- To get an exposure to research and developments (R&D) activities in the electronics, real workstations, plants, machines, etc.
- Make students aware of practical application of instruments handled during course curriculum.
- To interact with technical or administrative experts of the organization/ Institutions.
- Make Students Aware with Industry Practices and career opportunities.
- Acquaint Students with Interesting Facts and Newer Technologies to generate new entrepreneurs.

**Guide Lines:**

- Minimum one days visit to National research Institutes, Laboratories, places of scientific importance, Industries or plants.
- OR one week Industrial Training / internship at any industry.
- The Industrial visit should complete with in the fifth semester.
- A 10 – 20 page Industrial visit / Training report have to be submitted with certificate from industry / institute, sufficient photos and analysis along with Project for evaluation in the sixth semester.

- Industrial visit report must be certified by the tour coordinator and head of the department and that are only considered for final evaluation.
- Evaluation of industrial visit is solely based on report submitted without any oral examination.

#### **Distribution of Marks (External Evaluation)**

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Mark (%)</b>
1	Report	50%
2	Analysis	25%
3	Photos (minimum 5 photos)	25%

- *There is no internal evaluation for industrial visit*

**ELE6B20**

## **Project Work**

**Contact Hours per Week: 4**

**Number of Credits: -2**

**Number of Contact Hours: 60 Hrs.**

#### **Course Outcome:**

- To apply knowledge acquired through curriculum in practical problem solving
- To develop creative thinking in finding viable solutions to real life problems
- To foster innovation in design of products, processes or systems

#### **Guide Lines**

- Project work is for duration of two semesters and is expected to be completed in the sixth semester.
- Each student group consisting of not more than four members is expected to design and develop a complete system addressing a real life problem in the relevant area.
- The project may be implemented using only hardware, or a combination of both hardware and software.
- Project monitoring committee consisting of the guide and other faculties of the department.
- Each project group should submit project synopsis within five weeks (20 project Hours) from start of fifth semester to the project monitoring committee.
- Project monitoring committee shall study the feasibility of each project work before giving consent.
- Each project group should maintain a log book of activities of the project. It should have entries related to the work done, problems faced, solution evolved etc.
- Literature survey is to be completed in the fifth semester.

- Students should execute the project work using the facilities of the institute. However, external projects can be taken up in reputed industries or institutes, if that work solves a technical problem of the external firm. Prior sanction should be obtained from the head of department before taking up external project work and there must be an internal guide for such projects.
- Each student has to submit an interim report of the project at the end of the 5th semester.
- Members of the group will present the project details and progress of the project before the committee at the end of the 5th semester.
- 50% of the internal Mark is evaluated and published on the notice board at the end of 5th semester.

# Semester VI

## Core Course 8 ELE6B13- Communication System

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### Course Outcome

To equip the students with basic knowledge in Communication systems  
To learn the basics of modulation basics of AM, FM, and PCM  
To learn the Digital modulation techniques

### Course Outline

#### Module I

Communication Systems- Modulation – Need for modulation, Amplitude Modulation- Frequency spectrum of AM wave – Representation of AM wave, Power relation in AM wave, Generation of AM- DSBSC- Balanced Modulator,SSB Techniques — Filter system, Phase shift method, Third method.

#### Module II

Frequency Modulation – Theory of Frequency and Phase modulation, Mathematical representation of FM, FM-Noise Triangle, De-emphasis, Pre-emphasis, Comparison of Wide band and Narrow band FM, FM Generation and Detection-Generation of FM – Direct method, Indirect method, discriminator circuits.

#### Module III

Radio receivers- Receiver types, TRF, superheterodyne receiver, Sensitivity, Selectivity, Image frequency and its rejection, image frequency and IF amplifiers, AGC- diode detector, AFC, FM receivers – Amplitude limiting, Stereo-ponic FM multiplex system. Propagation of waves in free space –Ground wave propagation, surface wave propagation, ionospheric propagation – critical frequency, MUF, Skip distance.

#### Module IV

Sampling - reconstruction - aliasing - PAM, PWM, PPM – TDM – FDM-CDMA - noise in pulse modulation, Pulse code modulation. Quantization noise - Companding law - The PCM system . Digital modulation technique ASK, FSK, PSK, DPSK

### **Text book:**

- 1.Communication systems- A. Bruce Carlson, Paul B. Crilly
- 2.Electronic Communication Systems - Kennedy and Davis
- 3.Communication Systems : Simon Haykins, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 4th Edition, 2001
- 4.Principles of Communication : Taub and Schilling
- 5.Electromagnetic wave propagation, KD Prasad

### **References**

1. Digital Communications Fundamentals and Applications: Bernard Sklar, Person Education, 2nd edition
2. Modern Digital and Analog communication system: B.P.Lathi, Oxford University Press, 3rd edition

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Core Course 9 ELE6B14 - Principles of DSP**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 4

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic knowledge in DSP

To learn the basics signals and analysis, Fourier transform, digital filter design etc

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I**

Signals – Various types and classifications – Uni dimensional and multi dimensional-Analog, Discrete and Digital Signals- Energy and power signals, Causal and non causal signals- even and odd signals-Representation methods-Functional, Graphical, Tabular and Sequential Important test signals. Mathematical operations on discrete time signals- signal as summation of impulses.

Laplace transformation-definition-properties- Fourier transform on discrete signals (DTFT) - definition-properties-Z transform-definition and its properties.

#### **Module II**

Definition-various classifications-Static & Dynamic, Time invariant & Time variant, Linear & Nonlinear, Causal & Non causal, Stable & Unstable, FIR & IIR, Recursive & Non recursive-

Excitation, response and Impulse response of system-their relations- transfer functions and its properties-Convolution- Linear and circular-their properties-sectioned convolution-overlap add and overlap save method.

### **Module III**

DFT-definition-properties- relation between Z transform and DFT-computation techniques-FFT-radix 2 FFT-DIT FFT and DIF FFT- butterfly diagram- computation techniques.

### **Module IV**

Filters: Comparison between Analog and Digital filters – comparison between FIR and IIR filters - IIR Filter Design by Impulse Invariance and Bilinear Transformation. Realization of IIR systems - Direct form I, Direct form II, Cascade representation and Parallel representation. Realization of FIR systems - Direct form representation and Cascade representation.

### **Text Book**

1. Digital Signal Processing by A. NagoorKani
2. Digital signal processing - Ramesh Babu.
3. Digital signal Processing by S Salivahan

### **References**

1. Digital Signal Processing by Proakis&Manolokis

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Core Course 10 ELE6B15 - Microwave Theory and Techniques**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 4

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 60 Hrs.

### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic understanding of Microwave theory and techniques

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I**

**An introduction to Microwaves:** Introduction, Frequency spectrum, Micro wave bands, Applications of microwaves in different fields, Plane waves and free space propagation.

Guided waves-slow waves and fast waves- wave guides, rectangular wave guides, TE and TM waves, Transverse electromagnetic waves, group and phase velocities.

## **Module II**

**Basics of transmission lines and waveguides:** Transmission lines and wave guides, Review of transmission lines, Telegraph equations, group and phase velocities, characteristic impedance-open circuit, closed circuit, quarter wavelength and half wavelength lines, Standing wave ratio, VSWR, Reflection coefficient, Impedance matching, strip/microstrip transmission lines, microwave guides, propagation through wave guides, cut off frequency and dispersion-wave and group velocity, Ridged waveguides-applications, cavity resonators design equations, Waveguide Tees, Magic Tees, Rat Race, Directional couplers, Isolators and circulators.

## **Module III**

**Microwave Linear beam tubes and Cross field devices:** Microwave tubes, Introduction, limitations of conventional tubes, Transit time effects, Multi cavity Klystron, reentrant cavities, Velocity modulation and beam bunching, bunching diagrams, reflex klystron, magnetron, working of magnetron, travelling wave tubes-slow wave structures amplification mechanism, Forward and backward wave Cross field amplifiers-principle of operation-microwave characteristics.

## **Module IV**

**Transferred Electron devices and transit time devices:** Microwave Semiconductor devices, Tunnel diodes- negative resistance-band theory for forward and reverse biasing, Schottky diodes, Point contact diodes, Varactor diodes, IMPATT diode-structure-negative resistance-efficiency and output power, TRAPATT diode-principle of operation and performance, Gunn effect and Gunn diode-modes of operation-oscillation modes-, Applications.

## **Text books**

1. Microwave devices and circuits, Samuel Y. Lio (Prentice Hall)
2. Fundamentals of microwave engineering –Collins (Wiley India)
3. Electronic communication systems – Kennedy and Davis (Tata McGraw Hill)

## **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

**Core Lab 7**  
**ELE6B18 - Communication System Lab**

**Contact Hours per Week: 3L**

**Number of Credits: 2**

**Number of Contact Hours: 45 Hrs.**

1. Amplitude modulation and demodulation
2. Frequency Response of IF Amplifier
3. Mixer
4. Frequency Modulation and Demodulation
5. Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis
6. Pulse Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation
7. Pulse width Modulation and Demodulation
8. Pulse Position modulation and Demodulation
9. Voltage Controlled Oscillator using 555.
10. Study of TDM using IC
11. Amplitude Shift Keying
12. Frequency Shift Keying

**Core Lab 8**  
**ELE6B19 - Principles of DSP Lab**

**Contact Hours per Week: 3 (3L)**

**Number of Credits: 2**

**Number of Contact Hours: 45 Hrs.**

1. Familiarization with DSP simulation software
2. Generation Continuous time signals
3. Generation of AM and FM signals
4. Generation of Discrete time signals
5. Sampling and reconstruction
6. Mathematical Operations on discrete time signals
7. Discrete Time Systems - Checking for Linearity, Time invariance, and stability
8. Linear convolution and Circular convolution
9. Impulse response of LTI system
10. Impulse response from transfer function of the system
11. Computation of n-point DFT and IDFT
12. FIR and IIR filter design – Low pass, High Pass, Band Pass and Band Stop

**Core Lab 9**  
**ELE6B20 –Industrial Visit Report(5<sup>th</sup>sem.) &Project Work**

**ELE6B20 Project Work**

**Contact Hours per Week: 4**

**Number of Credits: 2**

**Number of Contact Hours: 60 Hrs.**

- This project work is the continuation of the project initiated in 5th semester.
- The performance of the students in the project work shall be assessed on a continuous basis by the project monitoring committee through progress seminars and demonstrations conducted during the semester.
- There shall be at least an Interim Evaluation (after 20 project hours of 6th semester) and a final evaluation of the project in the 6th semester.
- Each project group has to submit an interim report in the prescribed format for the interim evaluation.
- Each project group should complete the project work within 45 project hours of the 6th semester.
- Each student is expected to prepare a report in the prescribed format, based on the project work. Project report certified by the internal guide and head of the department is the eligibility for appearing university examination.
- Members of the group will present the relevance, design, implementation, and results of the project before the external and internal examiner.
- A committee of External examiner, Internal Examiner and Guide may conduct a viva – voce to examine the knowledge acquired by the student during their project work (not programme viva voce).

**Distribution of Marks**

<b>Internal (20%)</b>		<b>External (80%)</b>	
<i>Components</i>	<i>% of Marks</i>	<i>Components</i>	<i>% of Marks</i>
Punctuality and Log Book	20	Relevance of the Topic, Statement of Objectives, Methodology (Reference/ Bibliography)	20
Skill of doing project work	20	Presentation, Quality of	30
Scheme/Organization of Report	30		

		Analysis/Use of Statistical tools, Findings and recommendations	
Viva-Voce	30	Viva-Voce	50

## Open Courses - V Semester

### Open Course1 ELE5D01 – Computer Hardware

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (3T)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### Course Outcome

To equip the students with a knowledge in computer hardware.

#### Course Outline

##### Module I

Evolution of Computers and Computer Generations, Computer Classification Processing speed of a computer, Technology Trends, Measuring Computer Performance, Architecture, Functional Units and Components in Computer Organization, Computers – Block diagram, Memory addressing capability of a CPU, Word length of a computer, Basic components of a Digital Computer - Control unit, ALU, IO Subsystem of a Computer, Bus Structures, Uses of Program Development Tool, Editor, Compiler, Assembler, Interpreter.

##### Module II

Number systems – Decimal Number system, Binary number system and Hexa-decimal number system, 1's & 2's complement, Representation of Positive and Negative Numbers Binary Fixed- Point Representation, Arithmetic operation on Binary numbers, Codes, ASCII Logic Gates, AND, OR, NOT GATES and their Truth tables.

##### Module III

Input Devices - Keyboard, Mouse, Output Devices - CRT Monitor, LCD Displays, Touch Screen Displays Print Devices, Multiprocessor and Multi core Architecture

#### Text Book

□ Computer Fundamentals – B. Ram – New Age International Publishers

#### Reference BOOKS

1. Rashid Sheikh, "Computer Organization & Architecture"
2. Computer Organization – Hamacher, Vranesic and Zaky, McGraw Hill.
3. Digital Logic and Computer Design – Morris Mano, PHI
4. Computer Organization and Architecture -William Stallings, Pearson Education Asia.

**Open Course2**  
**ELE5D02 – Digital Fundamentals**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (3T )

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

**Course Outcome**

To equip the students with detailed knowledge in digital electronics. To learn different number systems, logic gates, counters, flip flops etc

**Course Outline**

**Module I**

Number System and Codes: Decimal, Binary, Hexadecimal, Octal, BCD, conversion of one code to another, Complements (one's and two's), Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication  
Logic Gates and Boolean Algebra: Truth Tables, OR, AND, NOT, XOR, NOR, NAND, Universal (NOR and NAND) Gates, Boolean Theorems, DeMorgan's Theorems.

**Module II**

Combinational Logic Analysis and Design: Standard representation of logic functions (SOP and POS), Karnaugh map minimization. Adder (half and full) and subtractor.

**Module III**

Sequential logic design: Latch, Flip flop (FF), SR FF, JK –master slave FF, T and D type FFs, Clocked FFs, Registers, Counters (synchronous and asynchronous)

**References**

1. R.L. Tokheim, Digital Principles, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill (1994)
2. Donald P. Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Digital Principles and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill (1995)
3. M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design, Pearson Education Asia, (2007)
4. Thomas L. Floyd , Digital Fundamentals, Pearson Education Asia (1994)
5. S.P. Bali , Solved Problems in Digital Electronics, Sigma Series, Tata McGraw-Hill, (2005)
6. W. H. Gothmann, Digital Electronics: An Introduction To Theory And Pra

## **Open Course3**

### **ELE5D03 – Electronic Fundamentals**

**Contact Hours per Week: 3**

**Number of Credits: 3**

**Number of Contact Hours: 45 Hrs.**

### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic components in electronics, identifying and testing them, various measuring and testing instruments, assembling of electronic circuits and basic techniques of troubleshooting.

- To learn the basics of electronic components
- To learn the basics of testing and measuring instruments
- To learn the circuit assembling
- To study circuit troubleshooting

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I.**

Voltage and Current : Concepts of emf, potential difference and current, resistance, capacitance and inductance, S.I. units of work, power and Energy, concept of Kilo Watt Hour, Module 2: Batteries and cells, their types, primary cells and secondary cells, Lead Acid, Ni-Cd, Ni-MH and Li-ion batteries, current capacity and cell ratings, charging and discharging of batteries, importance of initial charging, maintenance procedure, series and parallel battery connections.

#### **Module II.**

D.C. Circuits : Resistance in Series and Parallel circuits, Shorts and Opens in series and Parallel circuits, Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's Voltage and current laws, Determination of direction of current and voltage sign, applications, Simplifications of networks using series and parallel combinations.

#### **Module III.**

AC fundamentals : Generation of alternating voltages and currents, Transformer, Equations of AC voltage and current, Simple wave forms, concept of time period, frequency, amplitude and phase, Peak value and RMS value of amplitude, AC through resistance inductance and capacitance.

#### **Reference**

A text book of Electrical Technology, B L Theraja and A K Theraja

## **Elective Courses - VI Semester**

### **Elective Course1 ELE6B16a – Optical Communication**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **Course Outcome**

#### **Course Outline**

##### **Module I**

Advantages of optical Communication-Recollection of basic principles of optics transmitting light on a fiber, light propagation in fibers and characteristics, Critical angle - Total internal reflection. Classification of Fibers: Single mode and multimode Fibers, Step index and Graded index Fibers – Refractive Index profile - Effect of index profile on propagation - Acceptance angle - acceptance cone – Numerical aperture - Mode field diameter, Cut off wavelength

##### **Module II**

Signal degradation in optical fibers: Attenuation in single mode and multimode fibers – Absorption loss, scattering loss, Bending loss - Dispersion – Material dispersion, Waveguide dispersion, modal dispersion, Polarization mode dispersion - Band Width limitation.

##### **Module III**

Optic fiber couplers: types of couplers – Fiber to fiber joints: Splicing techniques- Fusion splice, V groove splice, Elastic tube splice - Optical fiber connectors -Structure of a connector Optical Communication System, point to point transmission systems, modulation, transmission system limits and characteristics, optical systems engineering,

##### **Module IV**

Optical sources and detectors: light production, LEDs, characteristics, lasers, DFB lasers, tunable DBR lasers, photoconductors, photodiodes, and phototransistors, Optical receiver - Optical amplifiers- SOAs – EDFAs

#### **Text Books**

1. G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 3/e, MGH 2000
2. John M senior, Optic Fibre Communication, PHI.

#### **References:**

1. J.R. Dutton, Understanding Optical Communications, Prentice Hall, 1999.
2. D K Mybaev& L LScheiner, Fiber Optics Communications Technology, Pearson Education, 2001.

3. G.P. Agrawal, Fiber Optic Communication, John Wiley & Sons.
4. J H Franz & V.K Jain, Optical Communication, Narosa Publishing House, 2001.
5. Subir Kumar Sarkar, Optical Fibre and Fibre Optic Communication, S Chand & Co. Ltd.
6. Djafer K Mynbaev, Fibre Optic Communication technology, Pearson Education.

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Elective Course2 ELE6B16b – Industrial Electronics**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

### **Course Outcome**

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I**

Power semiconductor devices: Characteristics of SCR, gate trigger and commutation circuits, series and parallel connection of SCRs, Diac, Triac, UJT, Power MOSFETS and IGBT.

#### **Module II**

Controlled Rectifier Half wave and full wave with resistive and inductive loads, Free-wheeling diode, three phase rectifier. Bridge rectifiers—half controlled and fully controlled.

#### **Module III**

DC choppers: Principle of chopper operation and control strategies, Step-up and stepdown choppers, Types of chopper circuits, Voltage-commutated chopper, Current-commutated chopper, Load-commutated chopper. Inverters: single-phase voltage source inverters, Modified McMurray half-bridge and full-bridge inverter, Pulse-width modulated inverters, Series and Parallel inverter.

#### **Module IV**

Induction Heating, effect of frequencies and power requirements, Dielectric heating and applications. Applications of industrial electronics Switched mode power supply (SMPS), Uninterruptible power supplies, Solid state relays.

### **Text Books**

1. Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, Pearson / PHI.
2. Dr. P. S. Bimbhra, Power Electronics, Khanna Publishers.

## References

1. P. C. Sen, Power Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. S.K. Dutta, Power Electronics and Control, PHI.
3. SN Biswas, Industrial Electronics, DhanpatRai& Sons, 2005.
4. C. W. Lander, Power Electronics, McGraw Hill.

## Structure of Question Paper

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

### \*\* Hands On Exercise

#### Suggested Experiments:

1. Study of IV characteristics of SCR
2. SCR as half wave rectifier and full wave rectifier with R and RL loads
3. AC voltage controller using TRIAC with UJT triggering
4. Study of IV characteristics of DIAC
5. Study of IV characteristics of TRIAC

\*\* The “hands on Exercise” may be considered for Internal evaluation

## Elective Course3 ELE6B16c – Control Systems

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

### Course Outcome

To equip the students to have basic understanding in control systems and its design.  
To learn the basics of control systems modelling, Analysis of control system, design etc.

### Course Outline

#### Module I

Basics of control system, classification of control system, open loop , closed loop, examples Servomechanism, feedback and feed forward system, Basics of Laplace Transform, Use of Laplace transform in control system.

#### Module II

Transfer function, Impulse response, poles, zeroes, pole-zero plot , order and type number ,Mathematical modeling of control system, Mechanical, rotational and electrical systems, servomotors, speed control system.

### **Module III**

Block diagram representation; block diagram reduction, signal flow graph, Mason's gain formula, Time response analysis, standard test signals, steady state error, Analysis of first and second order system. Time domain specifications.

### **Module IV**

Frequency domain analysis, Frequency domain specifications, frequency response plots, Bode plot, polar plot, stability analysis, Routh Hurwitz criterion, Nyquist stability, concept of Root locus- Controllers –PI,PD,PID ,Compensators-Lag, lead, Lag-lead

### **Text Books**

1. Control Systems – NagoorKani
2. Control System Engineering-U.A Bakshi , V.U Bakshi

### **References**

1. J Nagrath& M. Gopal, Control System Engineering, New Age International, 2000
4. Benjamin C. Kuo , “Automatic control system”, Prentice Hall of India, 2000

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

## **Elective Course 4** **ELE6B16d –Verilog & FPGA Based System Design**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (3T )

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

### **Course Outcomes**

### **Course Outline**

### **Module I**

Digital logic design flow. Review of combinational circuits. Combinational building blocks: multiplexers, demultiplexers, decoders, encoders and adder circuits. Review of sequential circuit elements: flip-flop, latch and register.

### **Module II**

Finite state machines: Mealy and Moore. Other sequential circuits: shift registers and counters. FSM (Finite State Machine with Datapath): design and analysis. Microprogrammed control. Memory basics and timing. Programmable Logic devices.

### **Module III**

Evolution of Programmable logic devices. PAL, PLA and GAL. CPLD and FPGA architectures. Placement and routing. Logic cell structure, Programmable interconnects, Logic blocks and I/O Ports. Clock distribution in FPGA. Timing issues in FPGA design. Boundary scan.

### **Module IV**

Verilog HDL: Introduction to HDL. Verilog primitive operators and structural Verilog Behavioral Verilog. Design verification. Modeling of combinational and sequential circuits (including FSM and FSM (Finite State Machine with Datapath)) with Verilog Design examples in Verilog.

### **References**

1. LizyKurien and Charles Roth. Principles of Digital Systems Design and VHDL. Cengage Publishing. ISBN-13: 978-8131505748
2. Palnitkar, Samir, Verilog HDL. Pearson Education; Second edition (2003).
3. Ming-Bo Lin. Digital System Designs and Practices: Using Verilog HDL and FPGAs. Wiley India Pvt Ltd. ISBN-13: 978-8126536948
4. Zainalabedin Navabi. Verilog Digital System Design. TMH; 2nd edition
5. Wayne Wolf. FPGA Based System Design. Pearson Education.
6. S. K. Mitra, Digital Signal processing, McGraw Hill, 1998
7. VLSI design, Debaprasad Das, 2nd Edition, 2015, Oxford University Press.
8. D.J. Laja and S. Sapatnekar, Designing Digital Computer Systems with Verilog, Cambridge University Press, 2015

### **Structure of Question Paper**

The External question paper is of 2.5 hours duration with 80 marks. Question paper shall consist of three sections. Section A contains 15 short answer type questions of 2 marks each spanning the entire syllabus and the candidate can score a maximum of 25 marks. Section B contains 8 paragraph / problem type questions of 5 marks each; two questions from each module (2 Que x 4 module = 8 quest.), and the candidate can score a maximum of 35 marks. Section C contains 4 essay type questions of 10 marks each; one from each module, of which candidate has to answer 2.

### **\*\*Hands On Exercise**

#### **Suggested Experiments**

At Least 08 Experiments From Following:

1. Write code to realize basic and derived logic gates.
2. Half adder, Full Adder using basic and derived gates.
3. Half subtractor and Full Subtractor using basic and derived gates.
4. Design and simulation of a 4 bit Adder.
5. Multiplexer (4x1) and Demultiplexer using logic gates.

6. Decoder and Encoder using logic gates.
  7. Clocked D, JK and T Flip flops (with Reset inputs)
  8. 3-bit Ripple counter
  9. To design and study switching circuits (LED blink shift)
  10. To design traffic light controller.
  11. To interface a keyboard
  12. To interface a LCD using FPGA
  13. To interface multiplexed seven segment display.
  14. To interface a stepper motor and DC motor.
  15. To interface ADC 0804.
- \*\* “Hands On Exercise” may be considered for Internal Evaluation

**Reference Books :**

1. W.Wolf, FPGA- based System Design, Pearson, 2004
2. U. Meyer Baese, Digital Signal Processing with FPGAs, Springer, 2004 • S. Palnitkar,
3. Verilog HDL– A Guide to Digital Design & Synthesis, Pearson, 2003
4. Verilog HDL primer- J. Bhasker. BSP, 2003 II edition

## Electronics Complementary Syllabus

# **Semester I**

## **Complementary Course 1**

### **ELE1C01 - Electronic Devices**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic components in electronics, identifying and testing them, various measuring and testing instruments, assembling of electronic circuits and basic techniques of troubleshooting.

- To learn the basics of electronic components
- To learn the basics of testing and measuring instruments
- To learn the circuit assembling
- To study circuit troubleshooting

#### **Course Outline**

##### **Module I**

Introduction to electronics: Components - passive and active components- Resistors, capacitors, inductors types-identification-colour coding. Circuit control and protective devices- switches, fuses and relays, Printed Circuit Board

##### **Module II**

Fundamentals of electronics – Band theory, conductors, insulators, semiconductors. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, PN junction, diode, biasing and characteristics, breakdown, diode resistance and capacitance, switching diode, zener diode

### **Module III**

Structure and operation of LDR, Photo voltaic cell, Photo diode, LED and LCD.

### **Module IV**

Bipolar junction transistor, operation, transistor configurations, characteristics and their comparison, current transfer ratio, transistor as a switch.

### **Module V**

FET, structure, characteristics, parameter terminal current, transconductance model, comparison between BJT and FET, applications, MOSFET, types and characteristics, UJT.

### **Text book**

Textbook of Applied electronics – R.S Sedha.

### **References**

1. Principles of electronics- V.K Metha.
2. Basic electronics and linear circuits – N.N Bhargava, Kurukshetra and Gupta.
- 3 Electronics Engineering - B.L.Theraja

## **Electronic Devices Lab**

1. Familiarization of electronic components.
2. Familiarization of equipments like CRO, Signal generators.
3. Characteristics of PN junction diode.
4. Characteristics of zener diode.
5. Characteristics of LED.
6. FET Characteristics.
7. Characteristics of transistor in CE and CB configurations.
8. RC differentiator and integrator circuits.

# **Semester II**

## **Complementary Course 2**

### **ELE2C02- ElectronicCircuits**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

## **Course Outcome**

To equip the students with basic components in electronics, identifying and testing them, various measuring and testing instruments, assembling of electronic circuits and basic techniques of troubleshooting.

## **Course Outline**

### **Module I**

Rectifier circuits, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier, Ripple factor, General filter consideration, different type of filters, comparison, voltage regulators – zener diode regulator, Three terminal regulators (78XX and 79XX) – Principle and working of switch mode power supply (SMPS).

### **Module II**

Biasing of BJT- Q-point, stability factor and biasing circuits, BJT amplifiers, RC-coupled amplifiers, frequency response, voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and out put resistance, comparison of BJT amplifiers concept of gain – applications.

### **Module III**

Feedback amplifier, positive and negative feed back, Types of feed back, applications, power amplifier – class A , class B and class C amplifiers.

### **Module IV**

Oscillators - sinusoidal oscillators, Barkhausen criteria, RC-oscillators, LC oscillators, crystal oscillators, multivibrators, typical oscillators, applications, 555 timer – astable and monostable mode

### **Text book**

Textbook of Applied electronics – R.S Sedha.

### **References**

1. Principles of electronics- V.K Metha.
2. Basic electronics and linear circuits – N.N Bhargava, Kurukshetra and Gupta.
- 3 Electronics Engineering - B.L.Theraja.

## **Electronic Circuits Lab**

- 1.Rectifier circuits (Half wave, Full wave and bridge rectifiers) and filters.
- 2.Voltage regulator using zener diode.
- 3.CE amplifier (determination of voltage gain).
- 4.Astablemultivibrator using BJT.
- 5.RC phase shift oscillator.
- 6.Astablemultivibrator using 555.
- 7.Monostablemultivibrator using 555.

# Semester III

## Complementary Course 3

### ELE3C03- DigitalElectronics

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### Course Outcome

To equip the students with detailed knowledge in digital electronics. To learn different number systems, logic gates, counters, flip flops etc.

#### Course Outline

##### Module I

Number System and Codes: Decimal, Binary, Hexadecimal, Octal, BCD, conversion of one code to another, Complements (one's and two's), Signed and Unsigned numbers, Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication .Logic Gates and Boolean Algebra: Truth Tables, OR, AND, NOT, XOR, XNOR, Universal (NOR and NAND) Gates, Boolean Theorems, DeMorgan's Theorems, Principle of duality.

##### Module II

Combinational Logic Analysis and Design: Standard representation of logic functions (SOP and POS), Karnaugh map minimization. Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Implementing logic functions with multiplexer, Adder (half and full) and subtractor, Encoder and Decoder.

##### Module III

Sequential logic design: Latch, Flip flop (FF), S-R FF, J-K FF, T and D type FFs, Clocked FFs, Registers, Counters (synchronous and asynchronous, ring, modulo-N), Shift registers – Serial and parallel

##### Module IV

Memories: General Memory Operation, ROM, RAM (Static and Dynamic), PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, EAPROM

#### References

1. R.L. Tokheim, Digital Principles, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill (1994)
2. Donald P. Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Digital Principles and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill (1995)
3. M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design, Pearson Education Asia, (2007)

4. Thomas L. Floyd , Digital Fundamentals, Pearson Education Asia (1994)
5. S.P. Bali , Solved Problems in Digital Electronics, Sigma Series, Tata McGraw-Hill, (2005)
6. W. H. Gothmann, Digital Electronics: An Introduction To Theory And Practice, Prentice Hall of India (2000)
7. R.P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, Tata McGraw-Hill (2003)

### **Digital Electronics Lab**

1. Familiarization of logic gates using ICs (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, NAND, NOR).
2. Realization of basic gates using NAND & NOR
3. Design a Half and Full adder
4. Design a Half and Full Subtractor.
5. Design a 4x1 Multiplexer using logic gates
6. Multiplexers and Demultiplexer using ICs
7. Study of RS and D flip flops
8. Design a 3 bit Counter using JK Flip-Flop IC

## **Semester IV**

### **Complementary Course 4 ELE4C04 - Communication Electronics**

**Contact Hours per Week:** 3 (1T + 2L)

**Number of Credits:** 3

**Number of Contact Hours:** 45 Hrs.

#### **Course Outcome**

- To equip the students with basic knowledge in Communication systems
- To learn the basics of modulation basics of AM, FM, and PCM
- To learn the Digital modulation techniques

#### **Course Outline**

##### **Module I**

Electronic communication: Block diagram of an electronic communication system, electromagnetic spectrum-band designations and applications, need for modulation, Amplitude Modulation: Amplitude Modulation, modulation index and frequency spectrum. Generation of AM, Amplitude Demodulation (diode detector).

##### **Module II**

Angle modulation: Frequency and Phase modulation, modulation index and frequency spectrum, equivalence between FM and PM, Generation and demodulation of FM – Types – De-emphasis and Pre-emphasis , FM detector (PLL). Comparison between AM, FM and PM.

##### **Module III**

Pulse Analog Modulation: Channel capacity, Sampling theorem, PAM, PDM, PPM, Multiplexing, TDM and FDM. Pulse Code Modulation: Need for digital transmission, Quantizing, Quantization Noise, Companding, Coding, Decoding, Regeneration.

#### **Module IV**

Digital Carrier Modulation Techniques: Block diagram of digital transmission and reception, Information capacity, Bit Rate and Baud Rate. Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Phase Shift Keying (PSK), Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK) and Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK).

#### **Text Book**

1. Electronic communication systems- Kennedy, 3rd edition, McGraw international publications
2. Principles of Electronic communication systems – Frenzel, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill
3. Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, B.P. Lathi, 4th Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.

#### **Reference Books**

1. Electronic Communications -D. Roddy and J. Coolen, Pearson Education India.
2. Advanced Electronics Communication Systems- Tomasi, 6th edition, Prentice Hall.
3. Communication Systems, S. Haykin, Wiley India (2006)
4. Advanced electronic communications systems – Tomasi, 6th edition, PHI.

#### **Communication Lab**

1. To study Amplitude Modulator using Transistor
2. To study envelope detector for demodulation of AM signal
3. To study FM - Generator and Detector circuit
4. To study Time Division Multiplexing (TDM)
5. To study Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM)
6. To study Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)
7. To study Pulse Position Modulation (PPM)